the guide
Hi there!

Thank you for trusting Every Body Texas with your emergency contraception. You are the one in charge of your sexual and reproductive health decisions. We support you and the contents of this kit and booklet are meant to support you in making choices that feel right for you.

This booklet is brief so it's small enough to fit in your purse, bag, or back pocket, but that means you may still have questions after reading it. You can find more information on our website: www.everybodytexas.org.

You can also reach out to a Title X clinic near you for low-cost or free care. See page 12 for info about Title X and how to find a clinic.

You've got this!

Every Body Texas
Using emergency contraception (EC) to prevent pregnancy is normal and safe.

The EC in this kit (EContra®) can be used up to 72 hours after unprotected sex or contraceptive method failure (like a condom breaking or forgetting to take your pill). EC is more effective the sooner you take it.

Many people do not experience side effects at all. If you experience side effects, they’ll probably go away after 24 hours. For more about side effects see the insert that came with your EC.
Taking EC
One dose of EC is one pill. Take EC as soon as possible after unprotected sex. If you vomit less than an hour after taking the dose, you may want to take another one.

EC & Body Weight
Your weight/BMI (body mass index) may impact how effective EC is for you. If your BMI is more than 25, over-the-counter EC pills like the one in your kit may be less effective. Evidence has shown that taking 2 pills (2 doses) of this EC is safe and can be more effective.

The EC pill, ella®, is more effective for people with a BMI of up to 34. This EC requires a prescription from a healthcare provider.

IUDs are the only emergency contraception option where effectiveness is not impacted by your weight. To be effective you must have a clinical provider insert the device within 5 days after unprotected sex. Title X clinics in Texas can provide IUDs as EC (page 12).

Scan with your smart phone camera to calculate your BMI
When used correctly, condoms can prevent pregnancy and sexually transmitted infections (STIs). Even if you've been using external (male) condoms for a long time, it's a good idea to check your technique. Incorrect condom use can lead to the condom breaking, slipping, or failing.

**DO**

*DO* use a condom every time you have sex  
*DO* put on a condom before having sex.  
*DO* read the package and check the expiration date.  
*DO* make sure there are no tears or defects.  
*DO* store condoms in a cool, dry place.  
*DO* use latex or polyurethane condoms.  
*DO* use water-based or silicone-based lubricant to prevent breakage.

**DON'T**

*DON'T* store condoms in your wallet as heat and friction can damage them.  
*DON'T* use nonoxynol-9 (a spermicide), as this can cause irritation.  
*DON'T* use oil-based products like baby oil, lotion, petroleum jelly, or cooking oil as lubricants because they will cause the condom to break.  
*DON'T* use more than one condom at a time.  
*DON'T* reuse a condom.
How to put on and take off an external condom.

Carefully open and remove condom from wrapper.

Place condom on the head of the erect, hard penis. If uncircumcised, pull back the foreskin first.

Pinch air out of the tip of the condom.

Unroll condom all the way down the penis.

After sex but before pulling out, hold the condom at the base. Then pull out, while holding the condom in place.

Carefully remove the condom and throw it in the trash.

From "The Right Way to Use a Male Condom" from the Center for Disease Control and Prevention. For more information visit www.cdc.gov/condomeffectiveness.
When it comes to contraception (birth control) there are a lot of options. Here is a quick summary about different types and how they work. You can contact a Title X clinic to learn more and find a method that works best for you (page 12).

**Hormonal Methods**

**Intrauterine Devices (IUD)**
Small T-shaped device placed in the uterus by a doctor or nurse. Lasts 3-10 years depending on the type. Most types use hormones, but there is a hormone free option (Paragard). You can use an IUD even if you've never been pregnant.

**Hormonal Implant**
About the size of a match stick, its implanted by a medical professional just below the skin in your upper arm. It slowly releases hormones. Lasts up to 3 years.

**The Pill**
Birth control pills have been around a long time and there are many options. You take it once a day, every day. Skipping pills can lead to an unexpected pregnancy.
The Shot ("Depo")
Injected in the arm every 3 months by a healthcare worker. Contains one hormone called Progestin. It can be kept private because no one can feel or see it and there is nothing to keep at your home.

The Ring
A small, flexible plastic ring that releases hormones. You remove and replace it your vagina yourself. It stays in the vagina for 3-4 weeks before being replaced. There is also a new type of ring (Annovera®) that lasts up to 1 year.

The Patch
A small, thin piece of plastic is placed on the skin like a sticker and it releases hormones into the body slowly through the skin. You change it monthly and can choose a variety of places on the body to place it.

Permanent Birth Control (sterilization)
For people with ovaries, tubal ligation closes or blocks the fallopian tubes, preventing an egg from meeting sperm. For people with testes, vasectomy prevents sperm from being released. A healthcare provider can discuss permanent birth control options with you.
Barrier Methods
Barrier methods work by physically blocking sperm from entering the uterus through the cervix. These methods do not use hormones, but must be used correctly every time you have sex to prevent pregnancy. Find details on **condoms** on page 5.

**Sponges**
Made of plastic foam. Worn inside the vagina during sex and releases spermicide. Use a new one every time you have sex.

**Diaphragms**
Small silicone cup a few inches across, inserted into the vagina with spermicide before sex.

**Spermicides**
Chemical that stops sperm from moving. Comes in many forms (gel, cream, etc.), inserted in the vagina before sex.

Fertility Awareness Based Methods
Also called Natural Family Planning, Fertility Awareness Based Methods (FABM) rely on users to track menstrual cycles or other signs in the body to determine when they are fertile and to avoid unprotected sex during that time. You can get counseling on FABM at a Title X clinic (page 12).
There are 2 pregnancy tests in your kit.

**You should wait at least 10 days after unprotected sex to take a pregnancy test.**

If you take it too early you may not get an accurate result. Pregnancy tests are more accurate if you wait to take them until a few days after you expect your next period.

Follow the instructions included with the pregnancy tests in this kit to ensure you are able to get an accurate result.

You can also go to a clinic that provides pregnancy testing to get another test if you want.

Check out page 12 to find a Title X clinic to get low-cost or free pregnancy tests.
Take charge! Know your rights.

With or without a parent's permission, **teens under 18** in Texas have the right to:

1. Consent to low-cost or free birth control at Title X family planning clinics.
2. Buy condoms and emergency contraception (like Plan B®) at any store, pharmacy, or online.
3. Get tested and treated for STIs at any clinic, including free clinics.
4. Decide what to do if you are pregnant: continue the pregnancy and parent, or choose adoption, or have an abortion.
5. Have an abortion without your parents' consent through the judicial bypass process.

Questions? Call or text for free

**Jane's Due Process**

866-999-5363

www.janesdueprocess.org
Title X (ten) clinics provide low-cost or free confidential family planning services. You can't be turned away because you can't pay. Find a Title X clinic near you by scanning the QR code with your smartphone.

Family Planning Services Include

- Contraceptive services including talking about how birth control may fit with your future goals.
- Basic fertility and infertility services, counseling on achieving pregnancy, preconception health services, and pregnancy testing.
- Testing and treatment for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) like chlamydia, gonorrhea and HIV and AIDS.
- Related preventive health services such as breast and cervical cancer screening.

www.everybodytexas.org/find-a-clinic
If you are pregnant you have options. You can choose to:
- Continue the pregnancy and raise the child.
- Continue the pregnancy and place the child with an adoptive family.
- End the pregnancy by having an abortion.

If you would like to talk with someone about your options, you can call the All Options Talkline at 1.888.493.0092. All Options is a “place where all options, decisions, experiences, and feelings are welcomed and respected, at any point in your journey.” Find them online at all-options.org.

If you are considering continuing the pregnancy, it is important you begin prenatal care. If you don’t have insurance, Texas has programs that can help pay for prenatal care.

If you are considering having an abortion, you can do so up to around 6 weeks into the pregnancy in Texas and there are many resources to support your decision.
Abortion is legal in Texas, but only up to about 6 weeks in the pregnancy. If you are further in your pregnancy, you will have to travel to another state to get an abortion.

Below is a list of organizations that can help you with paying for your abortion, travel to your abortion, and other needs you may have. Most of them ask that you have an appointment made when you contact them.

**National Abortion Federation clinic locator**
prochoice.org/patients/find-a-provider/

**State and Local Resources**

**Lilith Fund**  
*English hotline* 1.877.659.4304  
7 AM - 10 AM on M,W,F  
*Spanish hotline* 1.877.355.1461  
lilithfund.org

**Fund Texas Choice**  
1.844.900.8908  
fundtexaschoice.org

**Frontera Fund**  
Support for people in/traveling to Rio Grande Valley for abortion care.  
1.956.887.0706  
Fronterafundrgv.org

**The Bridge Collective**  
Transportation support within 100 miles of Austin.  
1.512.524.9822  
thebridgecollective.org

**Texas Equal Access Fund**  
*Text line* 1.844.832.3863  
Teafund.org

**Jane’s Due Process**  
Legal support for teens seeking abortion without parental consent. Doesn't provide abortion funding.  
Call/text 1.866.999.5263  
janesdueprocess.org

**West Fund**  
Only fund for abortion services at select clinics in New Mexico and Colorado.  
1.915.213.4535  
Westfund.org

**Buckle Bunnies Fund**  
Online form only.  
bucklebunnies.org
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